

PACIFIC RUBIALES ENERGY CORP.
Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine months ended
September 30, 2009 and 2008
(unaudited)
(In United States dollars)

PACIFIC RUBIALES ENERGY CORP.
Interim Consolidated Balance Sheets
(unaudited)

<i>(In thousands of U.S. dollars)</i>	As at September 30, 2009	As at December 31, 2008
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 165,389	\$ 90,391
Restricted cash (note 14)	4,050	7,224
Accounts receivable	113,905	70,491
Inventories	16,865	13,873
Prepaid expenses	3,445	7,119
Future income tax	3,704	1,119
	<u>307,358</u>	<u>190,217</u>
Oil and gas properties and equipment (note 4)	1,980,969	1,907,504
Restricted cash (note 14)	11,362	11,441
Future income tax	-	8,431
Investments and other assets (note 5)	99,600	120,771
Goodwill	99,586	60,744
	<u>\$ 2,498,875</u>	<u>\$ 2,299,108</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 160,665	\$ 173,911
Risk management liability (note 15)	20,537	6,574
Income tax payable	15,011	19,482
Current portion of long-term debt (note 7)	38,334	18,392
Current portion of obligations under capital lease (note 9)	10,409	-
Future income tax	-	1,144
	<u>244,956</u>	<u>219,503</u>
Long-term debt (note 7)	213,248	11,646
Obligations under capital lease (note 9)	28,374	-
Convertible debentures (note 8)	159,322	132,001
Risk management liability (note 15)	1,439	-
Future income tax	445,970	420,502
Asset retirement obligation (note 6)	16,334	14,671
	<u>1,109,643</u>	<u>798,323</u>
Non-controlling interest (note 11)	-	1,270
Contingencies and commitments (note 14)	-	-
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Equity component of convertible debentures (note 8)	66,130	66,130
Common shares (note 10)	1,212,995	1,187,925
Contributed surplus (note 10)	152,318	158,660
Accumulated other comprehensive income (note 10)	229	229
Retained earnings (deficit)	(42,440)	86,571
	<u>1,389,232</u>	<u>1,499,515</u>
	<u>\$ 2,498,875</u>	<u>\$ 2,299,108</u>

See accompanying notes to the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements

PACIFIC RUBIALES ENERGY CORP.

**Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations, Comprehensive Income (Loss) and Retained Earnings (Deficit)
(unaudited)**

<i>(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)</i>	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
		(Restated see note 1)		(Restated see note 1)
Revenues				
Net sales	\$ 156,557	\$ 202,354	\$ 427,551	\$ 455,848
Cost of operations				
Operating	75,357	73,317	202,400	181,408
Overlift / (underlift)	(22,322)	(231)	(3,542)	641
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	46,898	24,770	133,432	66,569
	99,933	97,856	332,290	248,618
Earnings before undernoted	56,624	104,498	95,261	207,230
Expenses				
General and administrative	20,836	11,800	47,900	29,714
Stock-based compensation (note 10)	351	334	662	31,948
	21,187	12,134	48,562	61,662
Operating income	35,437	92,364	46,699	145,568
Other (expenses) income				
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(69,279)	5,012	(93,582)	(26,547)
Interest expense	(11,284)	(3,334)	(25,194)	(4,089)
Gain (loss) on risk management contracts (note 15)	7,282	-	(15,399)	-
Other expense	(4,590)	(1,622)	(15,317)	(16)
	(77,871)	56	(149,492)	(30,652)
Net income (loss) before non-controlling interest and income taxes	(42,434)	92,420	(102,793)	114,916
Income tax expense				
Current	10,840	(3,070)	17,767	26,074
Future	9,833	16,425	8,451	23,762
	20,673	13,355	26,218	49,836
Non-controlling interest	-	741	-	937
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income	(63,107)	78,324	(129,011)	64,143
Retained earnings (deficit), beginning of period	20,667	(4,308)	86,571	9,873
Retained earnings (deficit), end of period	\$ (42,440)	\$ 74,016	\$ (42,440)	\$ 74,016
Net Income per share (note 16)				
- Basic	\$ (0.29)	\$ 0.37	\$ (0.61)	\$ 0.33
- Diluted	\$ (0.29)	\$ 0.35	\$ (0.61)	\$ 0.30

See accompanying notes to the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements

PACIFIC RUBIALES ENERGY CORP.
Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(unaudited)

<i>(In thousands of U.S. dollars)</i>	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
		(Restated see note 1)		(Restated see note 1)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income (loss)	\$ (63,107)	\$ 78,324	\$ (129,011)	\$ 64,143
Items not affecting cash:				
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	46,898	24,770	133,432	66,569
Asset retirement obligation accretion (note 6)	512	91	1,489	1,643
Unrealized (gain) loss on risk management contracts	(7,279)	-	15,402	-
Non-cash interest expense on of convertible debentures (note 8)	2,745	1,180	7,421	1,180
Stock-based compensation	351	334	662	31,948
Future income tax	9,833	16,425	8,451	23,762
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)	64,538	(5,012)	87,524	26,547
Non-controlling interest	-	741	-	937
Share of loss from equity investment	1,186	179	789	444
Changes in non-cash working capital (note 13)	8,906	(19,514)	(18,363)	(61,341)
Net cash provided by operating activities	64,583	97,518	107,796	155,832
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to oil and gas properties and equipment	(88,141)	(66,311)	(272,604)	(173,003)
Acquisition of Pacific Stratus				
cash acquired less acquisition costs (note 3)	-	-	-	19,490
Acquisition of Kappa net of cash acquired (note 3)	-	(167,747)	-	(167,747)
Restricted cash	(153)	(1,129)	3,253	(874)
Investments and other assets	-	(46,553)	1,395	(46,540)
Net cash used in investing activities	(88,294)	(281,740)	(267,956)	(368,674)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Advances from long-term debt	84,191	-	303,791	-
Issuance of convertible debt	-	216,014	-	216,014
Repayment of long-term debt	(42,763)	(3,450)	(91,276)	(15,350)
Proceeds from the exercise of warrants and options (note 10)	5,723	3,695	14,804	41,202
Net cash provided by financing activities	47,151	216,259	227,319	241,866
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	3,403	(879)	7,839	(259)
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the period	26,843	31,158	74,998	28,765
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	138,546	138,115	90,391	140,508
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	\$ 165,389	\$ 169,273	\$ 165,389	\$ 169,273
Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of:				
Cash	\$ 141,484	\$ 158,391	\$ 141,484	\$ 158,391
Short-term money market instruments	23,905	10,882	23,905	10,882
	\$ 165,389	\$ 169,273	\$ 165,389	\$ 169,273

Supplemental disclosure with respect to cash flows (note 13)

See accompanying notes to the interim consolidated financial statements

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(U.S. \$ thousands, except share and per share amounts or unless otherwise stated)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of Pacific Rubiales Energy Corp. (the "Company") which include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared by management in U.S. dollars in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, except as noted in note 2. The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the disclosures included in the annual audited consolidated financial statement and accordingly should be read in conjunction with the audited annual consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto in the Company's annual report for the year ended December 31, 2008.

a) Restatement of 2008 unaudited interim consolidated financial statements

The Company has restated its September 30, 2008 unaudited interim consolidated financial statements as a result of its accounting for a special 40% tax deduction to be taken in the year of acquisition of qualified expenditures in Colombia. As the tax benefit from these expenditures is greater than its cost, the application of CICA 3465 requires the recognition of a future tax asset and a reduction in the cost base of the expenditure capitalized in oil and gas properties. The effect is to recognize the special 40% deduction through a reduction in the cost of oil and gas properties and hence a reduction in depreciation and depletion over the life of the asset compared to the previous accounting which recorded a direct recognition of the income tax benefit in the year the eligible expenditure was made.

The impact of this restatement was already included in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008. The impact on the 2008 interim consolidated financial statements is as follows:

	Three months ended September 30, 2008			Nine months ended September 30, 2008		
	Previously Reported	Adjustment	Restated	Previously Reported	Adjustment	Restated
Oil and gas properties and equipment	\$ 1,947,006	\$ (38,105)	\$ 1,908,901	\$ 1,947,006	\$ (38,105)	\$ 1,908,901
Future income tax liability	495,744	(16,948)	478,796	495,744	(16,948)	478,796
Retained earnings, ending	94,756	(21,157)	73,599	94,756	(21,157)	73,599
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	25,101	(331)	24,770	67,356	(787)	66,569
Future income tax expense	8,048	8,377	16,425	6,773	16,989	23,762
Net income (loss)	86,370	(8,046)	78,324	80,344	(16,201)	64,143
Net income (loss) per share - basic	\$ 0.41	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.37	\$ 0.41	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.33
Net income (loss) per share - diluted	\$ 0.39	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.38	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.30

The correction had no effect on reported cash provided by operating activities.

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Adopted

a) Goodwill and Intangible Assets

In February 2008, the CICA issued Section 3064, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets", replacing Section 3062, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" and Section 3450, "Research and Development Costs". The changes are applicable to financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2008. Accordingly, the Company retrospectively adopted the new standard for its fiscal year beginning January 1,

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(U.S. \$ thousands, except share and per share amounts or unless otherwise stated)

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

2009. The new standard establishes the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of goodwill subsequent to its initial recognition and of intangible assets. This new guidance requires recognizing all goodwill and intangible assets in accordance with CICA Section 1000, "Financial Statement Concepts." Section 3064 has eliminated the practice of recognizing items as assets that do not meet the Section 1000 definition and recognition criteria. Under this new guidance, fewer items meet the criteria for capitalization. The adoption of this standard had no significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

b) Credit Risk and Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

On January 1, 2009, the Company retrospectively adopted the CICA's EIC-173, "Credit Risk and the Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities". This abstract provides guidance on how to take into account credit risk of an entity and its counterparty when determining the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities, including derivative instruments. The adoption of this abstract did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements as at September 30, 2009.

c) Leases

Leases are classified as either capital or operating. Assets that are held by the Company under leases, which transfer to the Company substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership, are accounted for as assets acquired under capital leases. The capitalized lease obligations reflect the present value of future lease payments, discounted at an appropriate interest rate. Leases that are not classified as capital leases are accounted for as operating leases with payments included in operating expenses in the year incurred.

Pending Accounting Pronouncements

d) Business Combinations

In January 2009, the CICA issued Handbook Sections 1582, "Business Combinations" ("Section 1582"), 1601, "Consolidated Financial Statements" ("Section 1601") and 1602, "Non-controlling Interests" ("Section 1602"). Section 1582 replaces CICA Handbook Section 1581, "Business Combinations", and establishes standards for the accounting for business combinations that are equivalent to the business combination accounting standard under International Financial Reporting Standards. Section 1582 is applicable prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2011, with early adoption permitted. Section 1601 together with Section 1602 replaces CICA Handbook Section 1600, Consolidated Financial Statements. Section 1601 establishes standards for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and Section 1602 establishes standards for accounting for a non-controlling interest in a subsidiary in consolidated financial statements subsequent to a business combination. Sections 1601 and 1602 are applicable for interim and annual consolidated financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, with early adoption permitted. An entity must adopt Section 1582, 1601 or 1602 at the same time. The Company plans to adopt these standards effective January 1, 2011 and does not expect the adoption will have a material impact on the results of operations or financial position.

e) Financial Instruments – Disclosures

In May 2009, the CICA amended Section 3862, Financial Instruments – Disclosures, to include additional disclosure requirements about fair value measurement for financial instruments and liquidity risk disclosures. These amendments require a three level hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the fair value measurements. Fair values of assets and liabilities included in Level 1 are determined by reference to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities. Assets and liabilities in Level 2 include valuations using inputs other than quoted prices for which all significant outputs are observable, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 valuations are based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These amendments are effective for the Company on December 31, 2009.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(U.S. \$ thousands, except share and per share amounts or unless otherwise stated)

3. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS

2009 acquisitions

On February 11, 2009, the Company acquired for \$12.0 million the remaining 34% of the outstanding shares of Pacific Rubiales Energy Trading S.A. ("PRET") that it did not own, increasing its ownership from 66% to 100%. An amount of \$2.6 million was paid on closing and the balance of \$9.4 million was paid during the three months ended September 30, 2009.

2008 acquisitions

Kappa

On September 3, 2008, the Company acquired 100% of Kappa Energy Holdings Ltd. ("Kappa"), an oil and gas exploration and production company, for \$170.4 million cash and acquisition costs of \$2.7 million.

The above acquisition has been accounted for using the purchase method with the Company being identified as the acquirer and Kappa as the acquiree. Therefore the results of operations for Kappa commencing September 3, 2008 are included in the Company's results. The purchase price allocation was finalized in September 2009 and the resulted in an adjustment to the preliminary purchase price allocation. The adjustment to the preliminary purchase price is attributable to the final valuation for the proved, probable, possible and exploration properties acquired in the acquisition. The final valuation for oil and gas properties was \$243.3 million compared to \$292.9 million previously estimated. Also included in this final valuation is goodwill of \$33.7 million compared to previously estimated balance of nil. The difference from the preliminary estimate was due to the finalization of the fair market valuation including an independent valuation of reserves acquired.

Pacific Stratus

On January 23, 2008, the Company completed the acquisition of Pacific Stratus Energy Ltd. (the "Pacific Stratus Acquisition") through an amalgamation with a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Consideration for the acquisition was the issuance of 79.3 million (475.5 million pre-consolidation) shares of the Company to Pacific Stratus Energy Ltd. ("Pacific Stratus") shareholders at a fair value of C\$8.34 (C\$1.39 pre-consolidation) per each share issued for a total amount of \$648.9 million in exchange for all the shares of Pacific Stratus that were outstanding at closing, at a ratio of 9.5 pre-consolidation shares of the Company for every Pacific Stratus share. In addition 5.1 million (30.4 million pre-consolidation) Company warrants with a fair value of \$28.0 million and 6.0 million (35.8 million pre-consolidation) Company incentive stock options with a fair value of \$29.6 million were issued to existing Pacific Stratus warrant and option-holders upon closing based on the same exchange ratio. Acquisition costs amounted to \$8.8 million.

The above acquisition has been accounted for using the purchase method with the Company being identified as the acquirer and Pacific Stratus as the acquiree. Therefore the results of operations for Pacific Stratus commencing January 23, 2008 are included in the Company's results. The purchase price allocation was finalized at December 31, 2008 and the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are based on management's best estimate and an independent valuation. The adjustment to the preliminary purchase price is attributed to the final independent valuation of the proved, probable and exploration properties in the acquisition. The final valuation for oil and gas properties was \$837 million compared to \$913 million previously estimated. Also included in this final valuation is goodwill of \$64,006 compared to previously estimated balance of nil. The difference from the preliminary estimate was due to the finalization of the independent valuation of the fair market valuation of properties acquired.

Pursuant to the acquisition of La Creciente by Pacific Stratus in 2004 the Company was required to issue 538,334 common shares to the sellers of the La Creciente properties upon achieving certain cash flow targets. As at the end of March 31, 2009 the cash flows targets were met and a liability of \$3.3 million to recognize the issuance of the common shares was recorded in accounts payable. The liability was included in the purchase price of Pacific Stratus and accordingly goodwill has been measured (see note 17). On April 16, 2009, 538,334 common shares of the Company were issued to one of the sellers, now a director of the Company, as settlement.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(U.S. \$ thousands, except share and per share amounts or unless otherwise stated)

3. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS (cont'd)

A summary of the purchase price allocations for the acquisitions is found in the following table:

	2008 Acquisitions		
	Kappa	Pacific Stratus	Total
Purchase price:			
Cash	\$ 170,399	\$ -	\$ 170,399
Accounts payable	-	-	-
Common shares, warrants and stock options	-	707,041	707,041
Acquisition costs	2,697	8,780	11,477
	\$ 173,096	\$ 715,821	\$ 888,917
Net assets acquired:			
Cash	\$ 5,349	\$ 28,270	\$ 33,619
Non-cash working capital deficiency	(27,676)	(24,838)	(52,514)
Oil and gas properties	240,611	836,568	1,077,179
Goodwill	35,580	64,006	99,586
Restricted cash	-	13,930	13,930
Investments	471	3,919	4,390
Asset retirement obligation	(566)	(3,497)	(4,063)
Long-term debt	(10,000)	-	(10,000)
Future income tax liability	(70,673)	(202,537)	(273,210)
	\$ 173,096	\$ 715,821	\$ 888,917

4. OIL AND GAS PROPERTIES AND EQUIPMENT

Details are as follows:

	September 30, 2009		
	Cost	Accumulated	
		DD & A	Net Book Value
Oil and gas properties and equipment	\$ 2,177,642	\$ (244,858)	\$ 1,932,784
Corporate and other	21,264	(11,249)	10,015
Power generation unit under capital lease	38,783	(613)	38,170
	\$ 2,237,689	\$ (256,720)	\$ 1,980,969
	December 31, 2008		
	Cost	Accumulated	
		DD & A	Net Book Value
Oil and gas properties and equipment	\$ 2,011,069	\$ (121,790)	\$ 1,889,279
Corporate and other	19,723	(1,498)	18,225
	\$ 2,030,792	\$ (123,288)	\$ 1,907,504

As at September 30, 2009, costs of \$385.5 million (December 31, 2008 - \$404.8 million) related to unproved properties and undeveloped land have been excluded from the depletion, depreciation and amortization calculation. As of September 30, 2009 \$1.4 billion (December 31, 2008 - \$1.4 billion) in future capital expenditures has been included in the calculation of depletion, depreciation and amortization. The Company has capitalized interest of \$1.8 million (December 31, 2008 - \$nil) related to financing on acquisition of oil and gas properties.

The Company accounted for the power generation unit as a capital lease. Under this accounting treatment, the Company recorded its proportionate share of an asset and an obligation. The asset is amortized using the unit of production method over the term of the lease. As at September 30, 2009, amortization expense of \$0.6 million (December 31, 2008 - \$ nil) related to the leased property is charged to depletion, depreciation and amortization (note 9).

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(U.S. \$ thousands, except share and per share amounts or unless otherwise stated)

5. INVESTMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS

The investments and other assets consist of the following:

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
1. Investment in ODL Finance S.A.	\$ 90,103	\$ 105,323
2. Investment in Ronter Inc.	8,657	8,427
3. Other assets	840	7,021
	<u>\$ 99,600</u>	<u>\$ 120,771</u>

1. The investment represents a 35% interest in ODL Finance S.A. ("ODL"), a special purpose Panamanian company with a Colombian branch that is constructing an oil pipeline that will allow for the transportation of heavy crude oil produced out of the Rubiales field. The remaining 65% interest is owned by Ecopetrol S.A., the national oil company of Colombia. The investment is accounted for using the equity method and the Company's share of net income is included in the Company's net income under other income. Phase I connects the Rubiales field to the Monterrey station and Phase II completes the pipeline such that full capacity can be reached. As of September 30, 2009, Phase I of the pipeline construction was substantially complete.

On March 12, 2009, ODL completed a debt facility for approximately \$200 million, equivalent to COP520,000,000. The loan is provided by Grupo Aval, a Colombian banking group led by Banco de Bogota. The facility has an interest rate of DTF (Colombia base for fixed rate deposits over three months) + 5%, a maturity of five years with a one year grace period and blended quarterly payments. The loan is non-recourse to the sponsors.

On February 25, 2009, the ODL board of directors approved the reduction of the original investment by its shareholders from \$301.5 million of which the Company's share was \$105.3 million to \$260 million of which the Company's share is \$91 million.

The Company has ship or pay contracts with ODL for the transportation of crude oil from the Rubiales field to Colombia's oil transportation system, for a total commitment of \$114 million over a five-year period.

2. The investment in Ronter Inc. represents a 21.7% indirect interest in Promotora de Energia Electrica de Cartagena & Cia, S.C.A. ESP ("Proelectrica"). Proelectrica is a private, Cartagena, Colombia-based 90 megawatt electrical utility peak demand supplier to the local Cartagena utility. This investment is accounted for using the equity method and the Company's share of Proelectrica's net income or loss is included in the Company's net income under other income.

6. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

The amount required to settle the future asset retirement obligation was estimated by management based on the Company's net ownership interest in all wells and facilities, estimated costs to reclaim those wells and facilities and estimated timing of the costs to be incurred in future periods. The Company has estimated its total asset retirement obligations to be \$16.8 million as at September 30, 2009 (December 31, 2008 - \$14.7 million) based on a total undiscounted future liability of \$43.3 million (December 31, 2008 - \$39.8 million) assuming an annual inflation rate of 4.4% until the time the liability is settled. The obligation is expected to be settled at the end of the useful lives of the underlying assets determined by the expiration date on concession agreements which is expected to be incurred subsequent to 2016. The obligation has been discounted using a credit adjusted risk free interest rate of 15% (December 31, 2008 - 15%).

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(U.S. \$ thousands, except share and per share amounts or unless otherwise stated)

6. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION (cont'd)

Changes to the asset retirement obligation were as follows:

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Balance, beginning of the period	\$ 14,671	\$ 1,498
Assumed on the Pacific Stratus Acquisition	-	3,497
Assumed on the Kappa Acquisition (1)	(480)	1,046
Obligations incurred during the period	654	7,932
Accretion expense	1,489	698
Balance, end of the period	\$ 16,334	\$ 14,671

(1) Adjustment as at September 30, 2009 resulted from the final valuation of Kappa acquisition.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

At September 30, 2009, the Company has a syndicated \$250 million extendible revolving credit facility with a stated term date of June 30, 2013. The facility is available on a revolving basis for a period of 24 months. On May 5, 2011, the facility will be available on a non-revolving basis for a 26 month term with principal and interest payable on a quarterly basis. At September 30, 2009, \$225 million (December 31, 2008 - \$nil) was drawn under this credit facility. Under the terms of the revolving credit facility, the Company is required to maintain (1) a debt to EBITDA ratio of less than 3.5; (2) a guaranteed debt to EBITDA ratio of less than 2.5; (3) current ratio of greater than 1.0; (4) a reserve tail ratio, which is defined as net present value of proved reserve divided by total debt, of less than 1.4; and (5) at least \$5 million in cash or banking commitments. The Company was fully compliant with these financial covenants at September 30, 2009. The revolving credit facility is secured by a first floating charge over the Company's reserve base and its assets.

In addition to the revolving credit facility, at September 30, 2009, the Company also has a non-revolving bilateral credit facility for up to \$18.7 million. Subject to the bank's right to demand payment, the repayment terms are monthly repayments of principal and interest maturing on April 23, 2010. At September 30, 2009, \$3.3 million (December 31, 2008 - \$6.6 million) was drawn under this credit facility. Under the terms of the non-revolving bilateral credit facility, the Company is required to maintain a debt to cash flow ratio of less than 3.5. The Company was fully compliant with this financial covenant at September 30, 2009. The non-revolving bilateral credit facility is unsecured.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company issued six promissory notes payable carried at \$5.9 million, \$2.2 million, \$10.9 million, \$3.9 million, \$3.4 million and \$0.8 million. The notes are due on October 5, 2009, October 25, 2009, November 25, 2009, November 30, 2009, December 9, 2009 and March 30, 2010, respectively. The notes bear interest at rates detailed in the table below, payable semi-annually and upon maturity. The six promissory notes are unsecured.

Total long-term debt was carried at amortized cost with financing cost of \$12.4 million (December 31, 2008 - \$nil) netted against the principal of the revolving credit facility. The financing costs are amortized into carrying value of the debt at each reporting period using effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(U.S. \$ thousands, except share and per share amounts or unless otherwise stated)

	Maturity	Currency	Interest Rate	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Bank overdrafts				\$ 52	\$ 212
Bilateral term credit	April 23, 2010**	COP	DTF* + 3.5	3,342	6,583
Promissory note	March 10, 2009	COP	DTF* + 3.5	-	319
Promissory note	April 3, 2009	COP	17.32%	-	2,227
Promissory note	June 4, 2009	COP	16.50%	-	10,697
Promissory note	October 15, 2012	USD	LIBOR + 3.0%	-	10,000
Promissory note	November 25, 2009	COP	8.18%	10,907	-
Promissory note	December 9, 2009	COP	7.60%	3,434	-
Promissory note	October 25, 2009	COP	6.90%	2,169	-
Promissory note	October 5, 2009	COP	DTF*+3.5%	5,929	-
Promissory note	December 24, 2009	COP	10.00%	7,804	-
Promissory note	November 30, 2009	COP	9.70%	3,917	-
Promissory note	March 30, 2010	COP	9.70%	780	-
Revolving credit facility	June 30, 2013	USD	Libor + 5.5%	213,248	-
				\$ 251,582	\$ 30,038
Current portion				\$ 38,334	\$ 18,392
Long-term debt				213,248	11,646
				\$ 251,582	\$ 30,038

* DTF = fixed- term-deposit rate in Colombia

** Subject to the bank's right to demand payment

8. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

On August 28, 2008, the Company issued \$228.2 million (C\$240 million) of convertible unsecured subordinated debentures due August 29, 2013 and convertible into common shares of the Company at C\$13 per share. The debentures bear interest at 8% annually, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 30 and December 31.

The debentures have been classified into their debt and equity components. The fair value of the equity component was valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model assuming a risk free rate of 3.65%, no dividends paid, expected life of 5 years and an expected volatility of 50% with the residual of the cash received allocated to the debt component. As a result, on the issuance of the debentures, \$149.7 million (net of \$8.5 million issuance costs) was classified as the debt component and \$66.1 million (net of \$3.8 million issuance costs) was classified as the equity component. The debt component will accrete up to the principal balance over the term of the debenture using the effective interest method. The accretion and interest paid are expensed as interest expense yielding an effective annual rate of 18%.

Convertible debenture - debt component	Amount
Gross proceeds due on maturity (C\$240 million)	\$ 228,159
Costs	(12,316)
	\$ 215,843
Fair value of equity component (net of \$3,773 issuance costs)	66,130
Value attributed to liability component on issuance (net of \$8,543 issuance costs)	149,713
Non-cash interest	3,954
Foreign exchange gain upon conversion to US\$	(21,666)
Balance as at December 31, 2008	\$ 132,001
Non-cash interest	2,105
Foreign exchange gain upon conversion to US\$	(4,853)
Balance as at March 31, 2009	\$ 129,253
Non-cash interest	2,571
Foreign exchange loss upon conversion to US\$	11,648
Balance as at June 30, 2009	\$ 143,472
Non-cash interest	2,745
Foreign exchange loss upon conversion to US\$	13,105
Balance as at September 30, 2009	\$ 159,322

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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9. OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASE

The Company has entered into a power generation arrangement to supply electricity for three of its oil fields in Colombia from August 2009 to June 2016. The arrangement has been accounted for as a capital lease. Under this arrangement, the Company's proportionate share of annual minimum lease payments as follows as at September 30, 2009:

	Minimum lease payment
2009	\$ 4,368
2010	11,306
2011	11,306
2012	11,337
2013	11,306
Thereafter	28,250
Total minimum lease payments	77,873
Amounts representing interest portion (22.9%)	(39,090)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	38,783
Less current portion	(10,409)
Long term portion of obligations under capital lease	\$ 28,374

Interest expense of \$1.5 million was incurred on the capital leases during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 (December 31, 2008 – \$nil).

10. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Authorized, issued and fully paid common shares

Unlimited number of common shares with no par value.

Continuity schedule of share capital and contributed surplus:

	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Contributed surplus	Accumulated Comprehensive Income
Balance, January 1, 2008	118,993,149	\$ 453,321	\$ 106,710	\$ 229
Issued on the Pacific Stratus Acquisition				
- Common shares issued	79,251,491	648,901	-	-
- Warrants and options issued	-	-	58,139	-
Issued on the exercise of warrants	8,833,254	45,198	(24,540)	-
Issued on the exercise of options	3,488,446	40,505	(20,222)	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	38,573	-
Balance, December 31, 2008	210,566,340	\$ 1,187,925	\$ 158,660	\$ 229
Issued on the exercise of warrants	446,502	213	-	-
Issued on the exercise of options	29,123	198	(146)	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	64	-
Balance, March 31, 2009	211,041,965	\$ 1,188,336	\$ 158,578	\$ 229
Issued on Pacific Stratus Acquisition	538,334	\$ 3,262	\$ -	-
Issued on the exercise of warrants	45,830	22	-	-
Issued on the exercise of options	1,949,918	11,179	(2,385)	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	247	-
Balance, June 30, 2009	213,576,047	\$ 1,202,799	\$ 156,440	\$ 229
Issued on the exercise of options	999,928	10,196	(4,473)	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	351	-
Balance, September 30, 2009	214,575,975	\$ 1,212,995	\$ 152,318	\$ 229

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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10. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd)

(b) Stock options

The Company has established a "rolling" Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") in compliance with the TSX policy for granting stock options. Under the Plan, the maximum number of shares reserved for issuance may not exceed 10% of the total number of issued and outstanding common shares. The exercise price of each option shall not be less than the market price (as defined under TSX Policy) of the Company's stock at the date of grant.

A summary of the changes in stock options is presented below:

	Outstanding	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, January 1, 2008	2,357,500	C\$ 6.06
Granted during the year	14,907,944	C\$ 6.54
Granted on the Pacific Stratus Acquisition	5,970,750	C\$ 4.26
Exercised during the year	(3,488,446)	C\$ 5.74
Balance, December 31, 2008	19,747,748	C\$ 5.94
Granted during the period	50,000	C\$ 2.79
Cancelled during the period	(148,892)	C\$ 5.54
Exercised during the period	(29,117)	C\$ 2.22
Balance, March 31, 2009	19,619,739	C\$ 5.94
Granted during the period	100,000	C\$ 5.72
Cancelled during the period	(24,334)	C\$ 5.62
Exercised during the period	(1,949,918)	C\$ 5.08
Balance, June 30, 2009	17,745,487	C\$ 6.03
Granted during the period	65,000	C\$10.86
Cancelled during the period	(41,002)	C\$ 6.33
Exercised during the period	(999,928)	C\$ 6.29
Balance, September 30, 2009	16,769,557	C\$ 6.03

The following table summarizes information about the stock options outstanding and exercisable:

Outstanding & Exercisable	Exercise price	Expiry date	Remaining contractual life
227,426	C\$ 1.92	May 2, 2010	0.6
10,075	C\$ 1.92	October 16, 2011	2.0
1,757,502	C\$ 2.22	August 21, 2011	1.9
241,460	C\$ 2.40	October 27, 2009	0.1
50,000	C\$ 2.79	February 11, 2014	4.4
3,183,076	C\$ 4.70	October 23, 2013	4.1
333,335	C\$ 5.70	May 9, 2017	7.6
1,091,670	C\$ 6.30	July 10, 2017	7.8
1,256,378	C\$ 6.78	April 20, 2012	2.6
14,134	C\$ 7.02	April 25, 2012	2.6
8,519,083	C\$ 7.38	February 11, 2013	3.4
15,835	C\$ 8.46	May 3, 2012	2.6
9,583	C\$ 8.46	April 16, 2013	3.5
60,000	C\$10.86	July 30, 2014	4.8
16,769,557	C\$ 6.03		

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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10. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd)

The following stock options with a 5 year life were granted to employees during the period. All of these options vested immediately.

<u>Date of stock option grant</u>	<u>Granted</u>	<u>Exercise price</u>	<u>Fair value</u>
July 30, 2009	65,000	C\$10.86	C\$5.40

The fair value of the stock options issued during the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009 has been calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, based on the following weighted assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate:	1.39%
Expected life:	2.5 years
Weighted expected volatility:	80%
Expected dividend yield:	0

(c) Warrants

Each warrant outstanding is exercisable into one common share.

The following table summarizes information about the warrants outstanding and exercisable:

<u>Outstanding & exercisable</u>	<u>Exercise price</u>	<u>Expiry date</u>
44,311,219	C\$ 7.80	July 12, 2012

A summary of the changes in warrants is presented below:

	<u>Outstanding & exercisable</u>	<u>Weighted average exercise price</u>
Balance, January 1, 2008	48,479,098	C\$ 7.26
Issued on the Pacific Stratus Acquisition	5,157,708	C\$ 2.52
Exercised during the year	(8,833,254)	C\$ 2.39
Balance, December 31, 2008	44,803,552	C\$ 7.72
Exercised during the period	(446,502)	C\$ 0.60
Balance, March 31, 2009	44,357,050	C\$ 7.79
Exercised during the period	(45,830)	C\$ 0.60
Balance, June 30 and September 30, 2009	44,311,220	C\$ 7.80

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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11. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

The following table summarizes the changes in the non-controlling interest as presented on the unaudited interim consolidated balance sheets:

	Amount
Non-controlling interest as at January 1, 2008	\$ -
Net earnings attributable to non-controlling interest	1,270
Non-controlling interest as at December 31, 2008	1,270
Net earnings attributable to non-controlling interest	-
Acquisition of the remaining 34% interest in PRET (Note 3)	(1,270)
Non-controlling interest as at September 30, 2009	\$ -

12. CAPITAL DISCLOSURES

The Company's objectives when managing capital are: (i) to maintain a flexible capital structure, which optimizes the cost of capital at acceptable risk; and (ii) to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence to sustain the future development of the business.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its underlying assets. The Company considers its capital structure to include shareholders' equity, debt, convertible debt and working capital. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may from time to time issue shares, raise debt and/or adjust its capital spending to manage its current and projected debt levels.

The Company monitors capital based on the following non-GAAP measures: current and projected ratios of debt to cash flow from operations and debt to capital employed. The Company's objective, which is currently met, is to maintain a debt to cash flow from operations ratio of less than three times. The ratio may increase at certain times as a result of acquisitions. To facilitate the management of this ratio, the Company prepares annual budgets, which are updated depending on varying factors such as general market conditions and successful capital deployment.

The Company's share capital is not subject to external restrictions; however the Company's debt is subject to the financial covenants detailed in Note 7. The Company was fully compliant with the covenants at September 30, 2009.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management from the previous year.

	September 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Shareholders' equity	\$ 1,389,232	\$ 1,499,515
Long-term debt	251,582	30,038
Convertible debt	159,322	132,001
Working capital (surplus) deficit	(100,736)	10,894
	\$ 1,699,400	\$ 1,672,448

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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13. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Changes in non-cash working capital items were:

<i>Changes in non-cash working capital balances</i>	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	\$ 9,210	\$ (2,668)	\$ (43,414)	\$ (53,163)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued	(8,764)	(43,964)	26,752	(47,110)
Decrease (increase) in inventory	(342)	1,177	(2,992)	7,924
Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable	9,024	25,864	(4,471)	25,864
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other	(222)	77	5,762	5,144
Attributable to operating activities	\$ 8,906	\$ (19,514)	\$ (18,363)	\$ (61,341)

<i>Other cash flow information</i>	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Cash interest paid	2,200	550	16,273	1,900
Cash interest received	259	442	1,104	713
Cash income tax paid	1,750	918	8,592	2,553

14. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The Company has various guarantees in place in the normal course of business.

As at September 30, 2009, the Company has issued letters of credit for exploration and operational commitments for a total of \$84.0 million (December 31, 2008 - \$38.6 million). In addition, the Company has \$15.4 million in bank guarantees (December 31, 2008 - \$18.7 million) which are secured by restricted cash.

Association contracts

Certain association contracts signed before 2003 with Ecopetrol include clauses in which Ecopetrol may commence participating in the operation of new discoveries made by the Company at any time, without prejudice to the Company's right to be reimbursed for the investments made on their sole account and risk (back-in right). The contract provides that if Ecopetrol decides to declare the commerciality of the field and participate in the commercial phase of the association contract, the Company shall have the right to be reimbursed for 200% of the total costs incurred during the exploration phase of the contract. Once the reimbursement has been made, Ecopetrol is entitled to acquire a 50% share of the oil production of the fields. The back-in right was not exercised as at September 30, 2009.

Contingencies

The Company is involved in various claims and litigation arising in the normal course of business. While the outcome of these matters is uncertain, there can be no assurance that such matters will be resolved in the Company's favor. The Company does not currently believe that the outcome of adverse decisions in any pending or threatened proceedings related to these and other matters or any amount which it may be required to pay by reason thereof would have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Natural gas supply agreements

The Company has entered into the following take or pay contracts, and interruptible contracts, totaling 60 MMBTU per day for the period 2009-2010:

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14. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (cont'd)

<i>Client</i>	<i>Contract</i>	2009		2010	
		Quantity (MMBTUD)	Price (\$/MMBTU)	Quantity (MMBTUD)	Price (\$/MMBTU)
GECELCA	take or pay	34,807	RMP + 28%	45,000	RMP + 28%
PROELECTRICA	take or pay	14,000	RMP + 12%	14,000	RMP + \$ 0.50
	Interruptible supply	11,193	RMP	1,000	4.98
Total		60,000	RMP + 19%	60,000	RMP + 24%

RMP represents the Colombian Regulated Market Price.

The Company anticipates having sufficient production to meet all future delivery commitments.

15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The nature of the oil and natural gas operations and the issuance of debt expose the Company to fluctuations in commodity prices, foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The Company manages these risks through periodic use of derivative instruments. The Board of Directors periodically reviews the results of all risk management activities and all outstanding positions.

Credit Risk

The Company actively limits the total exposure to individual client counterparties and holds a trade credit insurance policy for indemnification for losses from non-collection of trade receivables. Four (December 31, 2008 – one) of the Company's customers had accounts receivable that were greater than 10% of total trade accounts receivable. At September 30, 2009, the Company's credit exposure in accounts receivable to these customers were \$6.9, \$4.9, \$4.8, and \$3.8 million or 25%, 18%, 17%, and 14% of trade accounts receivable, respectively (December 31, 2008 – one customer, with accounts receivable of \$12.7 million or 75%). Revenue from these customers for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was \$6.9, \$0.9, \$8.2, and \$12.5 million or 4.4%, 0.5%, 5.2%, and 8.0% of net revenue, respectively (December 31, 2008 - \$45.7 million or 7.9%).

The Company's trade accounts receivables are aged as follows:

	September 30 2009	December 31 2008
Not past due (less than 45 days)	\$ 12,950	\$ 17,190
Past due (0-30 days)	10,231	5
Past due (31-120 days)	816	-
Past due (over 120 days)	3,707	-
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-	(205)
Total trade accounts receivable	27,704	16,990
VAT and withholding taxes recoverable	53,494	37,866
Advances and deposits	20,353	6,914
Other	12,354	8,721
	\$ 113,905	\$ 70,491

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its outstanding floating rate borrowings and short-term investments due to fluctuations in market interest rates. The Company monitors its exposure to interest rates. The variable rates on floating rate bank debts are re-priced monthly. A 1% hypothetical change in the variable interest rate exposes the Company to \$2.1 million interest expense or income. The remainder of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are not exposed to interest rate risk.

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15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency fluctuations as certain expenditures and borrowings are incurred in Colombian pesos and Canadian dollars. Currently, the Company has not entered into any foreign currency forward exchange contracts to manage this risk.

In addition, following the Rubiales acquisition in 2007 and Pacific Stratus Acquisition and the Kappa Acquisition in 2008, the Company recorded \$478 million of future income tax liabilities on proved and unproved properties which are denominated in Colombian Pesos as the assets to which the future income tax liabilities relate to are in Colombia. The future income tax liabilities are monetary items, which are revalued each period end at the current exchange rates, with the gain or loss recorded in net earnings in the period. Based on the net exposure at September 30, 2009, a 10% depreciation or appreciation of the Colombian Peso against the US dollar would result in a \$35 million increase or decrease in the Company's after-tax net earnings.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's processes for managing liquidity risk include ensuring, to the extent possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they become due. The Company prepares annual capital expenditure budgets which are monitored and updated as required. In addition, the Company requires authorizations for expenditures on projects to assist with the management of capital.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at September 30, 2009:

Financial liability	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	Thereafter	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 160,665	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 160,665
Long-term debt and bank indebtedness (1)	38,334	-	213,248	251,582
Risk management liabilities	20,537	1,439	-	21,976
Convertible debentures - principal (2)	-	-	224,090	224,090
Obligations under capital lease (3)	10,409	7,694	20,680	38,783
Total	\$ 229,945	\$ 9,133	\$ 458,018	\$ 697,096

- (1) Current portion of long-term debt of \$38.3 million is comprised of bank overdrafts, bilateral term credit facilities and promissory notes with various maturity dates before September 30, 2010. Long-term portion of \$213.2 million is a revolving credit facility maturing on June 30, 2013.
- (2) The convertible debentures are due August 29, 2013 in the principal amount of Cdn\$240 million. The balance due is converted to US\$ using the September 30, 2009 exchange rate of \$1.071.
- (3) Obligations arising from the power generation arrangement to supply electricity to the Company from August 2009 to June 2016. The arrangement has been accounted for as a capital lease.

Commodity Price Risk

Commodity price risk is the risk that the cash flows and operations of the Company will fluctuate as a result of changes in commodity prices. Significant changes in commodity prices can also impact the Company's ability to raise capital or obtain additional debt financing. Commodity prices for crude oil are impacted by world economic events that dictate the levels of supply and demand. From time to time the Company may attempt to mitigate commodity price risk through the use of financial derivatives. The Company recognizes the fair value of its derivative instruments as assets or liabilities on the balance sheet. None of the Company's derivative instruments currently qualify as fair value hedges or cash flow hedges, and accordingly, changes in fair value of the derivative instruments are recognized as income or expense in the interim consolidated statement of operations and retained earnings with a corresponding adjustment to the fair value of derivative instruments recorded on the balance sheet.

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Under the terms of the revolving credit facility (Note 7), the Company was required to enter into derivative instruments for the purpose of obtaining protection against fluctuations in the price of oil for a minimum of 10,000 barrels per day from July 2009 to June 2010 and 6,500 barrels per day from July 2010 to June 2011 but not exceeding 80% of anticipated monthly production.

The Company had the following derivative instruments outstanding at September 30, 2009:

Type of Instrm.	Term	Volume	Strike Price (USD\$/bbl)	Benchmark	Fair value
Zero Cost Collar	Jul 1 - Dec 31, 2009	3,012,000	45 floor / 80 ceiling	WTI	\$ (3,972)
Zero Cost Collar	Jul 1 - Dec 31, 2009	900,000	45 floor / 92 ceiling	WTI	\$ (131)
Total		3,912,000			\$ (4,103)

Type of Instrm.	Term	Volume	Strike Price (USD\$/bbl)	Benchmark	Fair value
Written call option	Jan 1 - Feb 28, 2010	300,000	80	WTI	\$ (1,219)
Written call option	Mar 1 - Apr 30, 2010	300,000	76.1	WTI	\$ (2,138)
Written call option	May1 - May 31, 2010	152,000	80	WTI	\$ (1,107)
Written call option	Jun 1 - Aug 31, 2010	504,000	90	WTI	\$ (2,674)
Written call option	Jan 1 - May 31, 2010	785,000	80	WTI	\$ (4,436)
Written call option	Jun 1 - Jul 31, 2010	304,000	80	WTI	\$ (2,496)
Total		2,345,000			(14,070)

Type of Instrm.	Term	Volume	Strike Price (USD\$/bbl)	Premium (USD\$/bbl)	Fair value
Put option	Jan 1 - Jun 30, 2010	900,000	40	\$ 1.95	\$ (332)
Put option	Jul 1 - Dec 31, 2010	600,000	40	\$ 2.45	\$ (707)
Put option	Jan 1 - Jun 30, 2010	900,000	40	\$ 1.28	\$ (688)
Put option	Jan 1 - Jun 30, 2010	900,000	40	\$ 1.41	\$ (891)
Put option	Jan 1 - Jul 31, 2011	700,000	40	\$ 2.45	\$ (525)
Put option	Jul 1 - Dec 31, 2010	585,000	40	\$ 1.91	\$ (450)
Put option	Jan 1 - Jun 30, 2011	585,000	40	\$ 1.91	\$ (210)
Total		4,585,000			\$ (3,803)
Total					\$ (21,976)

	Short-term	\$ (20,537)
	Long-term	\$ (1,439)
	Total	\$ (21,976)

For the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 there was a \$3 realized loss and \$0.4 million realized gain, respectively, on these contracts for actual monthly settlements and are included in revenue. The unrealized gain (loss) on risk management contracts represents the change in the fair value of the contracts outstanding as at September 30, 2009 related to the expected future settlements, which totaled \$7.3 million in gain and \$15.4 million in loss for the three month and nine month periods ended September 30, 2009, respectively. The unrealized losses were recorded in statement of operations.

If the forward WTI crude oil price estimated at September 30, 2009 had been \$1/bbl higher or lower, the unrealized loss on these contracts would change by approximately \$1.7 million and would be reflected in the statement of operations of the Company.

Fair Value Risk

The Company's financial instruments are classified as cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, commodity risk management liabilities, bank debt and convertible debentures on the balance sheet. The carrying value and fair value of these financial instruments at September 30, 2009 are disclosed below by financial instrument category, as well as any related interest expense for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009:

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

Financial Instrument	Carrying value	Fair value	3 months ended September 30, 2009 Interest expense	9 months ended September 30, 2009 Interest expense
<i>Assets held for trading</i>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 165,389	\$ 165,389	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted cash	15,412	15,412	-	-
<i>Loans and receivables</i>				
Accounts receivable and other current assets	113,905	113,905	-	-
<i>Liabilities held for trading</i>				
Derivative contracts (1)	21,976	21,976	-	-
<i>Other liabilities</i>				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	160,665	160,665	-	-
Long-term debt (2)	251,582	263,334	7,767	13,223
Convertible debentures (3), (4)	159,332	197,572	7,779	22,911

- (1) The fair value of the derivative contracts during the three months ended September 30, 2009 decreased by \$7.3 million, and is included on the statement of operations, comprehensive income (loss) and retained earnings (deficit).
- (2) Included in interest expense on the statement of operations. The amortization of deferred financing costs of \$12.4 million in relation to the Company's long-term debt is included on the statement of cash flows from operating activities.
- (3) The fair value of the convertible debt and equity components are difficult to measure reliably due to the lack of active trading volume. The closing price of the convertible debenture (PRE.DB – TSX) at September 30, 2009 represented 124% of the carrying value of the convertible debenture.
- (4) Included in interest expense on the statement of operations. The non-cash interest expense relating to the accretion of the initial discount and transaction costs that are netted against this liability are included in accretion on convertible debentures on the statement of cash flow from operating activities. The effective yield of the convertible debentures is 18%.

The oil collars, calls and deferred premium put options are recorded at their fair values which are calculated based on quoted commodity forward strip price in the futures market on the balance sheet date; accordingly, there is no difference between fair value and carrying value. When drawn, bank debt bears interest at a floating rate and accordingly the fair value approximates the carrying value. Due to the short term nature of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other current assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, their carrying values approximate their fair values.

16. WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES AND DILUTED SHARES OUTSTANDING

The weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009 was 214,158,123 and 212,254,026, respectively, to calculate basic loss per share (210,279,063 and 197,225,603 for the same respective periods in 2008). All options, warrants and convertible debt that are anti-dilutive are excluded from the calculation of diluted weighted average number of shares. If the options, warrants and convertible debt were dilutive at September 30, 2009, weighted average number of shares for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2009 would be 222,548,097 and 215,658,765, respectively (223,803,264 and 210,225,052 for the same respective periods in 2008).

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company currently operates in one reporting segment, being the exploration, development and production of heavy crude oil and gas in Colombia. As at September 30, 2009 all of the Company's assets are located in Colombia except for \$1.6 million in cash and cash equivalents which are held in Canada and \$2.9 million of oil property, plant and equipment in Peru.

18. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- a) On April 16, 2009, 538,334 common shares (\$3.3 million) of the Company were issued to a director of the Company as settlement of a contingent consideration on acquisition of La Creciente by Pacific Stratus in 2004.
- b) For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company paid Endeavour Financial Corp. ("Endeavour"), a company related by way of a director in common, \$45 and \$135 in retainer fees respectively (three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 - \$nil and \$105). The Company also paid Endeavour financing fees of \$nil and \$3 million (2008 - nil) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, for the ODL pipeline pursuant to an advisory agreement dated November 8, 2007.
- c) On May 5, 2009 the Company closed on initial commitments totaling \$180 million of a senior secured revolving credit facility of up to \$250 million. The facility consists of \$50 million commitments from each of BNP Paribas, Calyon and Banco Davivienda S.A. and \$30 million from West LB A.G. In June 2009, the Company paid Endeavour an amount of \$2.6 million in retainer and advisory fees for the arrangement of this revolving credit facility. During the three months ended September 30, 2009, the Company received an additional \$45 million under the revolving credit facility and paid Endeavour an amount of \$862 in advisory fees related to the additional credit.
- d) In June 2007, the Company entered into a 5-year lease agreement with Blue Pacific Assets Corp. ("Blue Pacific"), a British Virgin Islands corporation, for administrative office space in one of its Bogota, Colombia locations. Monthly rent expense of \$55 is payable to Blue Pacific under this agreement. Three directors and officers of the Company control, or provide investment advice to the holders of, 75% of the shares of Blue Pacific. In addition, the Company has a receivable of \$15 from Blue Pacific related to certain administrative costs paid by the Company on behalf of Blue Pacific.
- e) As at September 30, 2009 the Company has an accounts receivable in the amount of \$225 (December 31, 2008 - \$13) from Medoro Resources Ltd., a company related by way of a director and an officer in common. The receivable balance is related to the Company's share of general and office expenses, including administrative support and office premises in Canada.
- f) Loans receivable from related parties in the aggregate amount of \$308 (December 31, 2008 - nil) are due from one director and one officer of the Company. The loans are non-interest bearing and repayable in equal monthly payments over a 48-month term.

All these transactions are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- a. Subsequent to September 30, 2009, the Company issued Stand By and letters of credit and guarantees for exploration and operational commitments for a total of \$24.2 million. Most of these Bank Guarantees are related to naphtha and light oil purchases.
- b. On October 12, 2009, the Company granted 4,310,000 stock options under the rolling Plan with an exercise price of C\$13.09 and an expiry date of October 12, 2014. The options vested immediately and the fair value of the options was C\$6.28, calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.
- c. On October 28, 2009, the Company proposed to offer a cash payment of C\$1.50 per warrant as an incentive for holders of the warrants to exercise their warrants during a 30-day early exercise period (the "Early Exercise Period") which, if approved by share and warrant holders, is expected to commence on or about December 14, 2009 and end on or about January 13, 2010.

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(U.S. \$ thousands, except share and per share amounts or unless otherwise stated)

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (cont'd)

- d. On November 10, 2009, the Company closed a senior notes offering with an aggregate principle amount of U.S. \$450 million and maturity dates of November 10, 2014 (33.3%), November 10, 2015 (33.3%), and November 10, 2016 (33.4%). The notes carry an interest rate of 8.75%, payable on May 10 and November 10 of each year, beginning on May 10, 2010. The notes may be redeemed in whole (but not in part) at any time at the discretion of the Company with a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, and (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest discounted to the date of redemption on a semi-annual basis at the applicable Treasury Rate plus 75 basis points, in each case plus accrued and unpaid interest on the outstanding principal amount. As a condition of closing, the proceeds from the offering are to be used to repay the outstanding revolving credit facility. The notes are senior unsecured and will rank equal in right of payment with all of the Company's existing and future senior unsecured debt. Application has been made to list the notes on the Official List of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and to trade the notes on the Euro MTF.

20. COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The comparative interim consolidated financial statements have been reclassified from statements previously presented to conform to the presentation of the current interim consolidated financial statements.